

THE IMPRESSIONIST

SANSKRITI MODEL UNITED NATIONS 2021

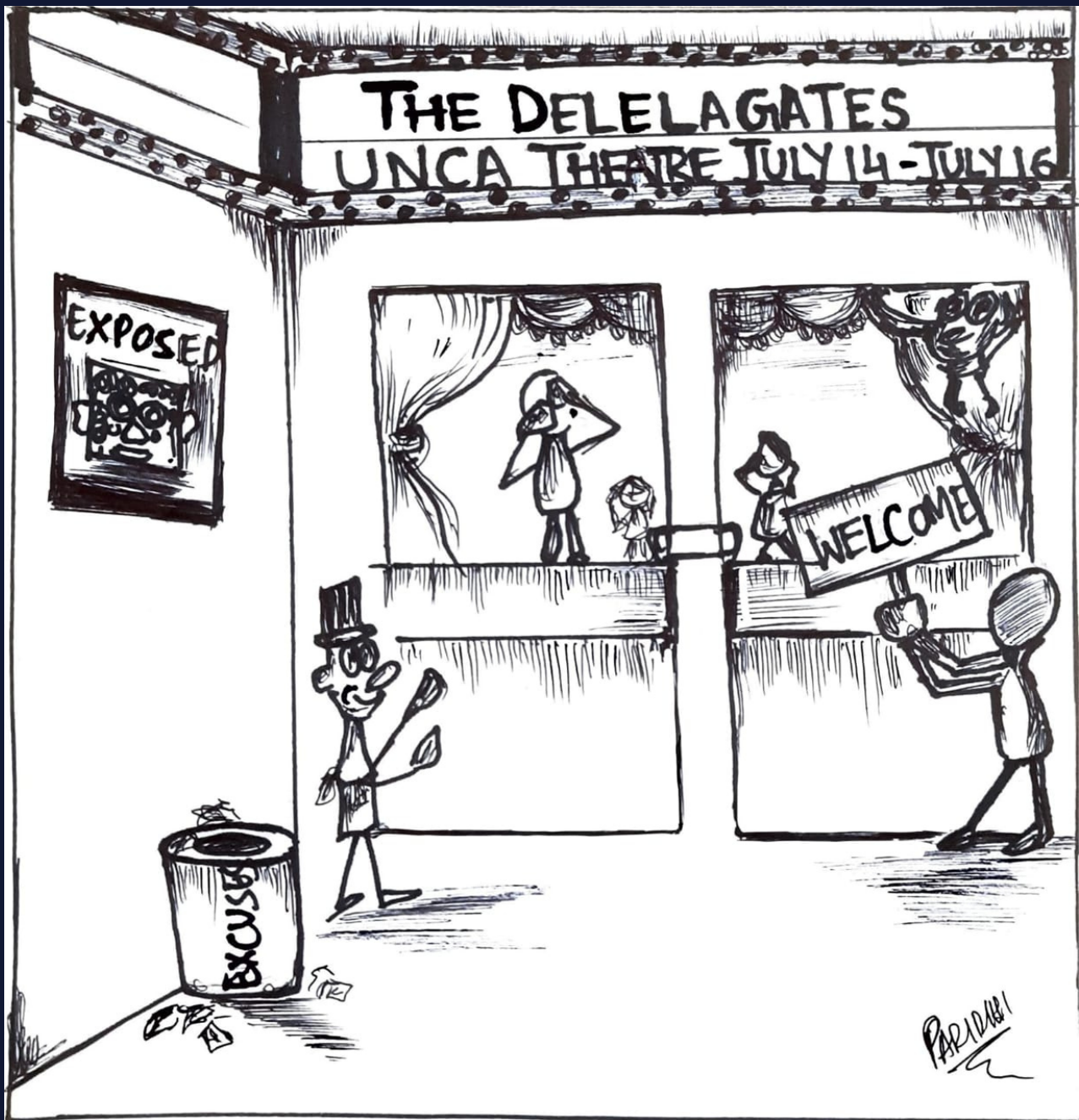


TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. A Capitalistic Gambit

Kashika Mahajan provides a description of the press conference that took place in the WTO

2. Individual Chaos

Antara Yogeshwari Roy Tripathi of Die Presse evaluates the agenda of the Congress of Vienna

3. Cherish the British

Kavya Sharma of the Bengal Gazette scrutinizes the agenda of the Crisis Committee

4. An Ode to Mr. Modi and the BJP For being The Crest of Change

Ishanvi Prasad of The New Indian Express scrutinizes and unravels the aspects of the Press Conference that took place during the committee proceedings of The Inter-State Council

5. Clouds on the horizon

Muktaa Patil of the Madras Courier gives a detailed overview of the Consilium Prospere Hindustan, and what they must accomplish

6. Pleas For Help

Piyu Upadhyaya of Fox News presents before you the results of the press conference with the Pan-American Health Organisation

7. A Tale of Vaccines

Tara Basotra of The Times of India presents the following discussions which took place at the Press Conference

The Capitalistic Gambit

Kashika Mahajan provides a description of the press conference that took place in the WTO

Fueled by the recent actions of China and Iran, a reconciliation took place between President Joe Biden and their lead GDP contributor, the pharmaceutical companies as the USA officially withdrew its support from the IP rights waiver. When enquired to the representative of the USA in the WTO, whether this action was taken upon the realization that pharmaceuticals and medical exports bring about 54.5 billion USD worth of revenue to the country, they replied that their country stands behind their pharmaceutical companies and would continue supporting them as they have served to the betterment of humanity for a long time.

The representative also assured that the United States of America will continue supporting countries in need through donations and reducing export royalty rates. While reducing export royalty rates is a step towards showcasing the humanitarian side of the capitalistic nation, it can not be ignored that IP rights waiver and support in the transfer of technology would have helped the cause much more efficiently. The actions of the USA seem to be selfishly disguised under the garb of humanitarian reasons. This provides them with the monopoly over vaccine production and distribution, leaving other countries such as Africa and India dependent on either their locally produced vaccines, which are insufficient in number or upon exports from the USA. The representative addressed the issue that the vaccines that will be produced locally might not meet up with the global standards. However, they failed to enunciate upon the fact that the pharmaceutical companies of the developed nations have been called upon by the WHO to address this very issue by helping drives for transfer of technology.

Thus the press conference provides a clear statement, that the United States of America that once took a bold move to forgo its capitalistic ideology, has not only withdrawn its support for the IP rights waiver but also displayed rigid opposition to it

The consequences of these actions will surely be reflected in the flow of the committee tomorrow, as the representatives will be required to draft a resolution that can win the support of both in favour and against the waiver, to establish a fair and organized mode of distribution of the Covid-19 vaccines, and bring an end to this pandemic.

Individual Chaos

Antara Yogeshwari Roy Tripathi of Die Presse evaluates the agenda of the Congress of Vienna

The current, disorganized state of the now dissolved Confederation of the Rhines is a massive problem for Europe. The current infatuation with nationalist and liberal ideas is outright dangerous, and must be shut down immediately to prevent European society from falling into a state of complete anarchy.

The Confederation of the Rhines must be brought together, and it must be brought together under an absolute monarchy. Nationalist revolutionary sentiments must be suppressed immediately, and the absurd ideas of democracy that are growing in areas such as France and the United States of America must not be allowed to poison the minds of the good people living in the area of the former Confederation of the Rhines. Such ideals, and concepts such as those of 'natural', individual rights must be brought into question. The danger that propagation of these ideals poses is no small one. Radicalism and revolution can only lead to a state of anarchy, chaos and destruction. The re-establishment of an absolute monarchy, with traditional, conservative forms of government and living is essential to ensuring the stability of the united German states and the wellbeing of the people living in those states. Ideas of separation of power must also be rejected, for those would only serve to create more disorganization. In order to quell the spread of dangerous nationalist ideals, quick action must be taken. In opposition to individualization, the collective must be emphasized, under the banner of being loyal subjects of the monarch. Only through this will stability be able to persevere. Order must be restored to European society.

Ideally, the centre of power must remain with the central government, in this case the power must remain with the monarch. Instead of granting excessive individual freedom, which would lead to destruction, the state and the monarch would be responsible for taking care of the needs of the people.

The monarch would exercise control in all areas, as they see fit. Individuals have certain positive rights, such as healthcare and education, which will be provided to them by the monarch, as opposed to excessive individualisation of rights. While the emphasis on individuals, and individual ruling, will lead to disruption and immense conflict between people, power is exercised by the good monarch will ensure that such potential conflict is handled. The establishment of a powerful monarch is the only way to ensure stability. When the former Confederation of the Rhines is in such a state of disarray, with no organization whatsoever, it is important to have a strong, single power. When we take into consideration the rapid rate at which dangerous and destructive ideas are spreading, it becomes especially important to re-establish and strengthen an absolute monarchy.

All economic activities, in particular, must be controlled by the state. Once again, when the states are in such disorganization, the only way to avoid disorder and failure of unification is to have all economic activities be controlled and regulated by the state. Rather than having an uncertain market system, systematic planning can be introduced for the regulation of economic activities.

This is the only path that will lead towards a harmonious society. The complete control of the monarch in all activities, particularly control over all economic activities is essential to restore order, peace and good living in Europe. This is the only path towards a successful unification.

Cherish the British

Kavya Sharma of the Bengal Gazette scrutinizes the agenda of the Crisis Committee

“The company had gambled everything- and won.” The Anarchy, William Dalrymple.

Since the arrival of the British East India Company into the Indian subcontinent, it has been the epitome of strategy, successful trade, diplomacy and effective administration. Employing careful, well-practised diplomacy, the Company obtained permission from the Mughal Emperor Jahangir to establish a trading station at Surat- thereby giving it its first foothold in India. Jahangir wanted to make sure that the Company was not conceded any major trading privileges, and relations with the British were a low priority for the Emperor. However, with their charismatic charm and planned strategies, the Honourable East India Company was able to outmanoeuvre all their rivals for political influence and trading consignments.

Unlike the succession disputes, turbulent administrative decisions, strings of weak and powerless emperors in kingdoms like that of the Mughal Empire, and internal conflicts that plague the Indian subcontinent, the English East India Company had a sturdy, effective administrative structure. They only wish to further reform said structure in their territories in Hindustan and gain a greater foothold in the Kingdom of Mysore, in order to maximise Hindustan's potential, and as pioneers of organisation and strategy, to make their own functioning more efficient.

In order to achieve these goals, The East India Company adopted a strategy of rapid conquest, which the backwards kingdoms of 18th century Hindustan could not respond to. Calcutta was the Company's most important trading post and following the demise of the beloved Bengal Nawab, Alaverdi Khan in 1756, Bengal came to be under the rule of Siraj-ud- Daula, a widely despised figure.

The East India Company felt obliged to intervene, and thus the famous Battle of Plassey was fought, and although the British army of a mere 3,000 fought the Nawab's army of 50,000, victory fell into the hands of the harbingers of modernisation. The Company officials then undertook the tedious tasks of reformation of the administration, the defence industries, the revenue collection mechanisms and state expenditure to strengthen the Bengali state and emerged victorious.

During an attempt to regain the prosperous provinces that were under the British, a course of events similar to that of the Battle of Plassey followed where 10,000 men of the private Company army defeated the enemy's larger force of 40,000. As Edmund Burke unerringly said: "The only thing necessary for the triumph of evil is for good men to do nothing".

Most rulers were fond of the Company's officials and thanked them for their service to their kingdoms. Many who had gone to India as clerks or lieutenants returned to England with diamonds and gold presented to them as gifts by grateful Indian princes. The Allahabad Treaty of 1765 between Robert Clive and Shah Alam II describes the Company's employees as "the high and mighty, the noblest of exalted nobles, the chief of illustrious warriors, our faithful servants and sincere well-wishers, worthy of our royal favours, the English Company". It was only justified for the English to want to appease the kingdom by extending their influence over it as well.

Furthermore, following the crisis prompted by the rebellion in America, Company councils monitored and set maximum prices on essentials, including food items like meat and bread and staple beverages like wine. They provided social services in some cases, supplies for orphans and widows in others. Moreover, they took measures such as easing tax and revenue collection at times of dearth and famine. Contrary to the horrific and selfish pictures painted by envious rulers, the English East India Company is evidently concerned about the welfare of the provinces it governs.

Therefore, the Company's ambitions of further strengthening its spheres of influence in the northern, southern and eastern regions of Hindustan should be encouraged. Under no circumstances should the initiators of science, innovation and technology in this primitive subcontinent be met with resistance to the establishment of new spheres of influence.

An Ode to Mr.Modi and the BJP For being The Crest of Change

Ishanvi of The New Indian Express scrutinizes and unravels the aspects of the Press Conference that took place during the committee proceedings of The Inter State Council

The Inter-State Council is a forum bestowed with the responsibilities of examination and scrutiny of matters congruent to both the Union and the States or among the States. Its agenda is to uphold and endorse the ideology of Federalism, particularly, by making recommendations that reinforce the synchronization of policies, along with the discussion of happenings concerning the general interests of the State. Such matters are commonly addressed by the Chairman. It is based on the provisions inscribed in Article 263 of the Constitution of India. The Article states that as per the discretion of the President, an Inter State Council shall be established lest he feels the public interests to be assisted and moderated by the establishment of a Council. This council is entrusted with the responsibilities of probing into the common interests of the Union, States or both, resolving disagreements among them and advising them about matters. The President is the only one with the sole authority to stipulate the working of this council, its procedures and organisation.

The two most paramount functions of a government are the formulation of policies and the execution of the same, which helps in keeping its framework intact. For this main process of deliberation, execution and implementation, the creation of a concrete network is of the essence. For protecting its interest, every country has a foreign policy to navigate today's world, in which every country tries to advance its own interest at the cost of others. After its independence, India fashioned its foreign policy, the key elements of which are non alignment, opposition to colonialism and imperialism, opposition to racialism and peaceful settlement of disputes. Governments have fine tuned it according to the exigencies of the situation. Mr. Modi in his bid for India's super power status added a mission of global outreach, the policy of 'Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam', meaning the entire world is our family. Sending Covid vaccines to 67 countries was part of this. India does not believe in interference, invasion or expansionism.

During the press conference, the first question was directed towards the honourable Prime Minister, Shri Narendra Modi, relating to the control of the Government over Delhi, after the National Capital Territory of Delhi Act, to which the PM accurately answered, saying that there has been no change regarding the role of the Government.

However, the role of the Lieutenant Governor has gone through some metamorphosis.

The second question was regarding the criteria for the selection of union territories to which Mr. Modi meticulously gave an answer, stating that the criterion is quite obvious, followed up by a vindication about how Jammu and Kashmir, being a more sensitive and vulnerable area, needs to be converted into a Union Territory. However, this wasn't surprising as the PM has never failed to give articulate and cogent explanations whenever questioned by the public.

Next, the honourable law minister, Mr Kiren Rijiju was asked for his views on the unjustified titles of elected officials such as the Chief Minister who, like the Lieutenant Governor, should be referred to as the '*Government*'. To this, he rightfully answered, with full assurance and guarantee that the legislature has not been eliminated and as long as everyone is working in coordination, this shouldn't be a problem. After this, he was also counter questioned regarding reforms in the structure and as to why the government and the Law minister feel that the role of the Lieutenant Governor should be enhanced, to which, the Law minister aptly replied saying that as long as it is perpetuating the framework of law and justice perfectly, there should be no issue regarding this. Even when counter questioned for the third time, the Law Minister neither failed nor faltered and rightfully answered the journalist's question of why UP should be converted into a union territory.

The administrator of Lakshadweep, Mr Praful Khoda Patel was questioned regarding the detrimental effects of exhaustive development which could hamper the already feeble ecosystem of the island. Mr Patel gave an extensive answer incorporating a plethora of points elucidating the many laws and acts (Prevention of Anti Social Activity and Animal Preservation, Regulation, 2021) to vindicate his reply.

Next, the PM was asked how the abrogation of articles 370 and 35A in the UT of J&K benefited the nation. p Mr Modi again did not disappoint and replied stating that the inclusion of J&K was important to inculcate and bring back the long lost values of peace and harmony in the nation. Henceforth, the obliteration of these articles was necessary.

Then, Shri Manmohan Singh was asked whether Delhi would be better developed as a State or as a UT. To this, he inarticulately replied saying that, he thinks a special status would be the best for Delhi. There were no examples to substantiate his point neither was there any further clarification given, therefore the reply seemed rather ambiguous, he wasn't able to formulate his opinion as well as the Administrator of Lakshadweep or Mr. Modi himself, who gave detailed explanations and perfectly authenticated his replies.

Finally, the last question investigated why only Puducherry has a Legislative Assembly and a Council of Ministers, while Delhi does not have the same arrangement and is deprived of the power to legislate on entries 1 (Public Order), 2 (Police) and 18 (Land) of the State List. This question, directed towards the CM of Delhi, Mr Arvind Kejriwal had a rather unfathomable reply which was difficult to comprehend.

Clouds on the horizon

Muktaa Patil of the Madras Courier gives a detailed overview of the Consilium Prospere Hindustan, and what they must accomplish

With the decline of the Mughal empire in India, the country has been thrown into chaos. Rulers, big and small, are scrambling for a foothold in the gaping power vacuum left behind. Amidst this growing confusion, the kingdom of Mysore, a sizable, powerful kingdom, was taken over by Hyder Ali. The Wodeyars, its rightful rulers, were displaced from their own kingdom. Hyder Ali continuously engaged in scuffles with the British, traded freely in arms and ammunition with the French and invaded neighbouring kingdoms and ports during his reign.

Now his son, Tipu Sultan, sits on the throne. Carrying his father's legacy forward and emboldened by his military prowess, he has declared open war on Travancore, forcing the British and their allies into a state of emergency.

The Consilium Prospere Hindustan's first and foremost priority is to prevent the impending attack on Travancore and any further expansion of Mysore by Tipu Sultan. For this express purpose, the Maratha rulers, the Nizam of Hyderabad, the Nawab of Arcot and the ruler of Travancore have all united in the Consilium Prospere Hindustan.

The committee has brought together players who have had historical enmity as allies, but as the saying goes, "The enemy's enemy is a friend." At this moment Travancore is a booming kingdom. Its proximity to the sea ensures that there is a steady flow of trade happening, resulting in a superbly prosperous kingdom. If Tipu Sultan were to capture this kingdom, the implications for everyone would be immense. The Company and all of its allies would lose a major benefactor in trade.

To combat this threat, the Consilium Prospere Hindustan has agreed to work together. The Marathas are willing to cooperate with the Company, provided it is a mutually beneficial relationship. . The Nizam of Hyderabad realises that there is a threat to his own kingdom if Mysore delivers on its threat, and Arcot has always been at war with Hyder Ali which continues on with Tipu Sultan. It is a clear consensus that Mysore allying with the French is a threat to all present. The French are an almost equal match to the British in terms of armies, naval fleets and weaponry. Their influence over different kingdoms therefore poses a significant threat.

The committee agrees that strengthening their forces before sending them to Travancore is imperative. At present the situation is a ticking time bomb. While Mysore hasn't yet attacked Travancore, it has not backed down either. The Company and its allies are ready to defend Travancore but there are many calling for a defensive stance. It is a rock and a hard place with neither side attacking, but neither party backing down either. In the event of a war, all the parties in the committee agree that they will need to unite to defeat the combined force of Tipu Sultan and the French.

The Consilium Prospere Hindustan would also like to reinstall the Wodeyars with the firm belief that they are the rightful rulers of Mysore, and that Tipu Sultan is the most clearly present threat to all. They have come to a consensus that defeating him is their clear and present agenda. With Mysore growing more powerful with the support of the French, the Company must work quickly and collaborate with their allies to ensure that their interests are not jeopardized by the ever-growing threat of war.

Pleas for Help

Piyu Upadhyaya of Fox News presents before you the results of the press conference with the Pan-American Health Organisation

Being in the immense crisis that it is, Venezuela is in dire need of help. Millions are in poverty, require health assistance, which is not available, and the country's political, socio-economic, and health state is in shambles. The Pan-American Health Organisation is looking for ways to solve this multifaceted crisis, which was looked into by Fox News in a Press Conference, whose summation is as follows.

During the conference, the journalist asked the delegate of the United States for their stance on the current political situation in Venezuela. Seeing how Nicolas Maduro has been called out for his repressive regime, which has been deemed illegitimate, Fox News was curious to see how the delegate responded. The answer was promptly given, and we were not disappointed. The delegate responded by saying that the presidency under Nicolas Maduro had been repressive, and violated several human rights. The United States believes in humanitarian rule, which respects the rights of the citizens of the country. The interim president, Juan Guaido has been recognised as the official federal head of the country, and the States have been working with the same to improve the situation of the citizens of the country and help the country re-emerge from the crisis, like a phoenix rising from the ashes, ready to fly once again.

The representative of Fox News asked their second question on the issue of illegal migrants. Seeing the situation in Venezuela, one understands the citizens' plight and realises that the living conditions are extremely poor. As a result, many people are migrating from the country into neighbouring ones, where they hope to achieve better lifestyles. However, while some of these migrants travel legally, many more migrate illegally into countries including the United States, Cuba, and more. This leads to them being rejected and shunned, and even having to travel through harsher conditions than before, simply with the idea of a better, seemingly unattainable life in mind. The delegate of Spain responded to this question and provided a delightful answer. The delegate said that one must first differentiate between genuine and illegal migrants, and provide education to the citizens to stress the benefits of safe, legal migration. The countries should provide viable routes for legal migration to provide incentives, along with shelters, to negate the usage of illegal routes and promote legal migration. Documentation checks should be placed, but the most important thing to do is make the country a better place to live in and help it regain its glory.

Being in the immense crisis that it is, Venezuela is in dire need of help. Millions are in poverty, require health assistance, which is not available, and the country's political, socio-economic, and health state is in shambles. The Pan-American Health Organisation is looking for ways to solve this multifaceted crisis, which was looked into by Fox News in a Press Conference, whose summation is as follows.

During the conference, the journalist asked the delegate of the United States for their stance on the current political situation in Venezuela. Seeing how Nicolas Maduro has been called out for his repressive regime, which has been deemed illegitimate, Fox News was curious to see how the delegate responded. The answer was promptly given, and we were not disappointed. The delegate responded by saying that the presidency under Nicolas Maduro had been repressive, and violated several human rights. The United States believes in humanitarian rule, which respects the rights of the citizens of the country. The interim president, Juan Guaido has been recognised as the official federal head of the country, and the States have been working with the same to improve the situation of the citizens of the country and help the country re-emerge from the crisis, like a phoenix rising from the ashes, ready to fly once again.

The representative of Fox News asked their second question on the issue of illegal migrants. Seeing the situation in Venezuela, one understands the citizens' plight and realises that the living conditions are extremely poor. As a result, many people are migrating from the country into neighbouring ones, where they hope to achieve better lifestyles. However, while some of these migrants travel legally, many more migrate illegally into countries including the United States, Cuba, and more. This leads to them being rejected and shunned, and even having to travel through harsher conditions than before, simply with the idea of a better, seemingly unattainable life in mind. The delegate of Spain responded to this question and provided a delightful answer. The delegate said that one must first differentiate between genuine and illegal migrants, and provide education to the citizens to stress the benefits of safe, legal migration. The countries should provide viable routes for legal migration to provide incentives, along with shelters, to negate the usage of illegal routes and promote legal migration. Documentation checks should be placed, but the most important thing to do is make the country a better place to live in and help it regain its glory.

A Tale Of Vaccines

*Tara Basotra of The Times of India presents the following discussions
which took place at the Press Conference*

Today, the delegate of the United Kingdom and the delegate of India defended their countries while Tara Basotra of The Times of India questioned them during the press conference conducted in the World Trade Organization. The journalist asked her first question to the delegate of the United Kingdom regarding the side effects caused by the AstraZeneca vaccine. For example, this vaccine has allegedly led to blood clotting and other severe injuries even after due clinical trials. Countries like Sweden and Denmark also denied the import of the vaccine in their countries because of the same reason. The journalist aimed to seek what the delegate of the UK had to say about the same.

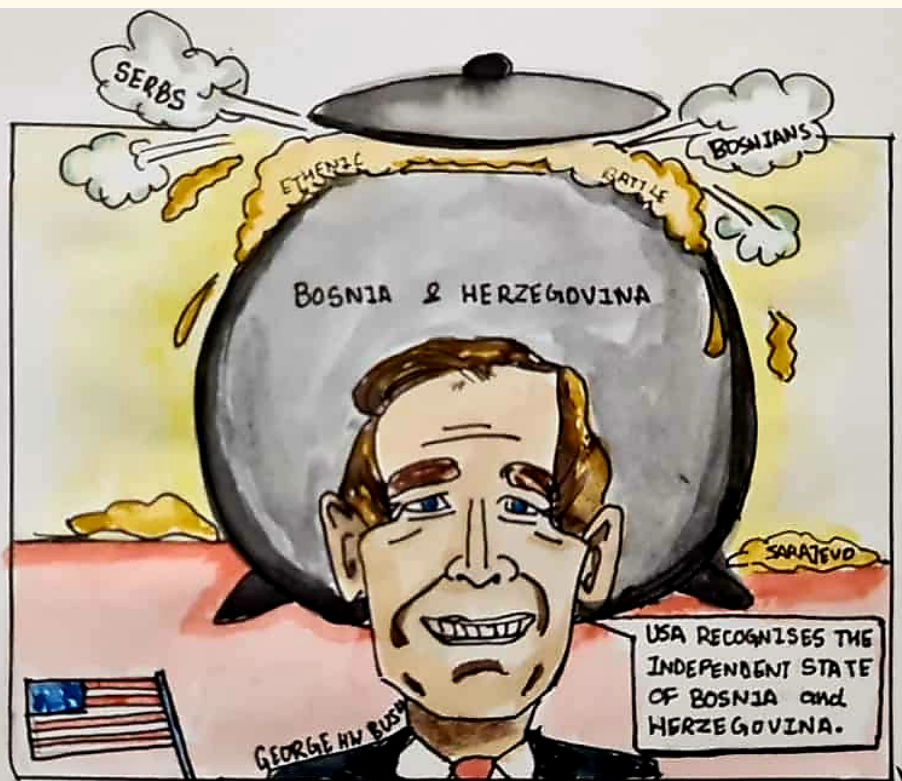
The delegate didn't seem to answer this question, but according to the journalist's beliefs, the side effect is the only reason why clinical trials and other medical checks are taking place. Many people prefer taking BioNTech and Pfizer, especially women who are pregnant and breastfeeding. The journalist directed her second question to the delegate of India regarding the government's lack of vaccine supply and why the government refuses to import vaccines from other nations.

The delegate said that the country is trying its best and providing all three vaccines: SputnikV, Covishield, and Covaxin to all the people in India. The delegate also said that they were aware of the shortage and were working on it. The delegate mentioned that the government of India also talked to a few foreign countries in March and April about the import of vaccines like Pfizer. The vaccines are not here yet but shall be bought in use in the country as soon as possible.

In conclusion, the issue of shortage of vaccines has been brought to notice and in fact, the situation is under control in a few parts of the country. And for the rest of the country, they were trying their best and doing all that they could.



Made by Annanya



Made by Kavya

"Following USA's recognition of the independent state of BOSNIA and Herzegovina, the ethnic battle between BOSNIAN Serbs and Bosnian Muslims begins. Trouble brewing in the newly formed state."



Made by Navya

FACULTY ADVISORS

MANISHA CHOUDHURY

ROOPA MIDHA

JAYA MATHUR

SWATI SHUKLA

SUPRIYA BAGGA

EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

Sahana Rudra

HEADS OF JOURNALISM

Sehar Chowdhry

Anusha Sharma

EDITOR

Anant Narayan

HEAD OF CARTOONISTS

Paridhi Bajaj

HEADS OF PHOTOGRAPHY

Chahak Agarwal

Misha Dutta

ADDITIONAL EDITORS

Gouri Mehra

Chirag Sehgal

Mansi Mahajan

ADDITIONAL DIRECTOR OF CARTOONISTS

Shazia Siddiqui

ADDITIONAL DIRECTORS OF PHOTOGRAPHY

Isha Kanudia

Amritaansh Srivastava

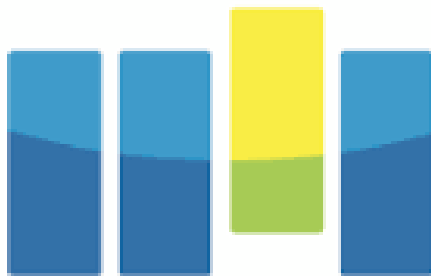
OUR SPONSORS

केनरा बैंक Canara Bank 

भारत सरकार का उपक्रम

A Government of India Undertaking

 सिंडिकेट Syndicate



EDUVANTAGE

SUCCESS THROUGH EDUCATION



A secure, end-to-end cashless payment solution for parents and institutions

Schoolpay Advantage for Educational Institutions

- ▶ No Technology Investment for Bank account holders
- ▶ Schoolpay reduces the manpower cost of the Education Institution while maintaining the highest standards of accuracy and security
- ▶ It programmatically chases late payments, reducing the time spent on follow-up and resulting in fewer default instances

Schoolpay Advantage for Parents and Students

- ▶ Parents can pay through Wallets, UPI, Net Banking, and Debit/Credit Cards. Even offline payments like cash or cheque can be factored in depending on parent convenience
- ▶ Parents receive regular notifications for reminders, reducing the hassle of remembering the payment deadlines
- ▶ Parents and students can process school transactions at their leisure and in the security and comfort of their own homes